SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS: VIII

Time: 3 hrs.

M.M.: 80

General Instructions:

- Read all the questions carefully and number the answers according to the questions.
- (ii) Multiple choice question is to be answered in the answer sheet.
- (iii) Write all the answers in a neat and legible handwriting.
- (iv) Attempt all the questions.
- (v) Write complete sentences for question numbers 2 and 3.
- (vi) Attach the maps properly to the main sheet.
- (vii) Questions carrying 3 marks should be answered within 60-80 words.
- (viii) Questions carrying 5 marks should be answered within 80-100 words.
- Q1. Each question has four options out of which only one is correct. Choose the correct option and write it in the answer sheet. (1x7=7)
 - (i) Bhilai steel plant is located in _____
 - (a) Orissa
- (b) Bengal
- (c) Chhattisgarh
- (d) Uttarakhand
- (ii) This leader established the Natal Congress to fight against racial discrimination. Who was he?
 - (a) Lala Lajpat Rai
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Bhagat Singh
- (d) Chitta Ranjan Das
- (iii) People are called 'untouchables' because they
 - (a) have dirty habits
 - (b) belong to a lower caste

		(c)	have infectious of	liseases				
		(d)	have committed	crime	alauads, seme fel			
	(iv)	CNC	stands for	CLAS				
		(a)	Compressed Nat	ional Gr	rowth			
		(b)	Compressed Nat	ional Gr	roup described invested			
		(c)	Compressed Nat	ural Gro	oup at the disease			
		(d)	Compressed Nat	ural Ga	B			
	(v)	Die Tau	plays an in	portant	role to ensure the			
	availability of public facilities to everyone.							
		(a)	Constitution	(b)	Government			
		(c)	State	(d)	Society			
	(vi) The most populated continent is							
		(a)	Asia	(b)	Europe & han			
		(c)	Africa	(d)	South America			
	(vii)	no si	discovered th	e coffee	plant			
		(a)	Seldi		Maldi			
		(c)	Kaldi	(d)	Haldi			
-			ne following questi					
					(1x10=10)			
	(a)		ne the 'Father of th					
	(b)	What was the aim of Second Five Year Plan?						
	(c)	'Periyar was unhappy with the Congress and left it.' Why?						
	(d)	Which was India's worst industrial tragedy?						
. 111	(e)	Which two cities have achieved considerable success in the provision of water facilities?						
	(f)	Wha	at do you mean by	Law en	forcement?			
	(g)	Give	e the full form of T	ISCO.				
	(h)	Defi	ine Smelting.					
	(i)	Mer	ntion any two facto	rs influ	encing the location of			
		indi	ustry.					

	(j) Where was the first successful modern textile mill established?				
Q3.	How was the politics of the Radicals within the Congr different from that of the Moderates?				
Q4.	The Planning Commission defines the economic goals and policies of the country'. What was the role of Planning Commission in India after Independence? (3)				
Q5.	List any three social reformers and their contribution in the modern period. (3)				
Q6.	'A law on minimum wages is an important need.' Explain. (3)				
Q7.	Who are Dalits? How does Article 17 of the Constitution protect the rights of Dalits? (3)				
Q8.	How does the Reservation Policy work? (3)				
Q 9.	'Water is a part of the Fundamental Right to life.' Justify the statement. (3)				
Q10.	'Steel industry is called the backbone of modern industry.' Discuss. (3)				
Q11.	Briefly explain the concept of 'Agricultural Development.' (3)				
Q12.	What is Population Change? Write the two factors which influence population change. (1+2=3)				
Q13.	Explain the features of the Indian Constitution. (5)				
	The First World War altered the economic situation in India. Discuss the economic impact of the First World War on India. (5)				
Q15.	Why was the Prevention of Atrocities Act 1989 framed? Enlist its main provisions. (5)				
Q16.	(a) Define Industry.				
	(b) Classify industries on the basis of raw material. (1+4=5)				
917	Explain the geographical factors responsible for uneven distribution of population in the world. (5)				

Q18. Attempt the following maps:

- (a) On the provided political map of India, name and mark the following: (1x4=4)
 - (i) A state producing steel
 - (ii) The first linguistic state
 - (iii) The place where Non-Cooperation Movement was called off
 - (iv) Paramhans Mandali was founded at this place
- (b) On the provided political map of the world, name and mark the following: (1x4=4)
 - (i) Manchester of Japan
 - (ii) Silicon Plateau-major hub of IT industry
 - (iii) A leading producer of millet
 - (iv) Most populous country

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